



Leveraging  
Commercial Vehicle Information Systems & Networks  
(CVISN) for Highway Security

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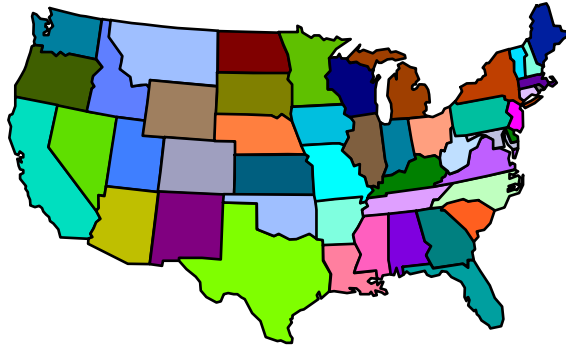
# Agenda

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- Commercial Vehicle Information Systems And Networks (CVISN) Description
- Comparing CVO Safety And Highway Security Problems
- Leveraging CVISN for Highway Security
- Expanded CVISN
- Security Projects Leveraging CVISN
- Summary

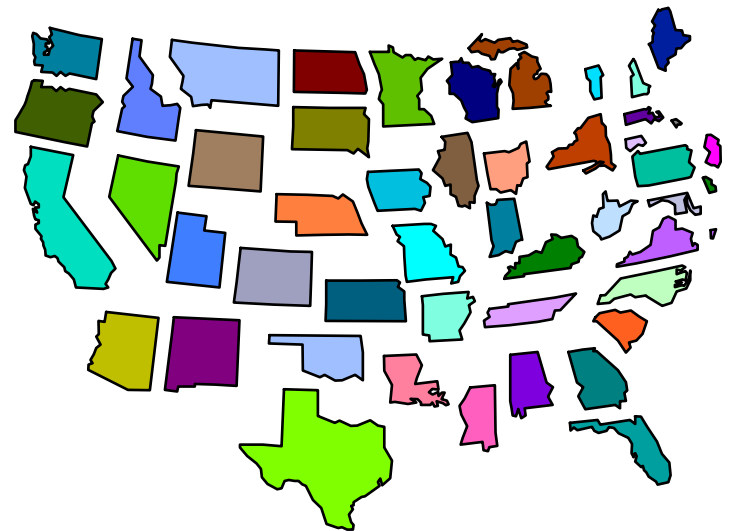
## ***ITS/CVO Problem***

# How to Connect the Commercial Vehicle Operations (CVO) Islands of Technology?



Roads were built to allow traffic flow within and between states.

Information systems were built primarily to allow information to flow within a state agency, resulting in difficulties in responding to external requests for information sharing.



*Goal: Interconnection and interoperability among state, federal and private systems.*

# CVISN Provides Capabilities in Three Primary Functional Areas



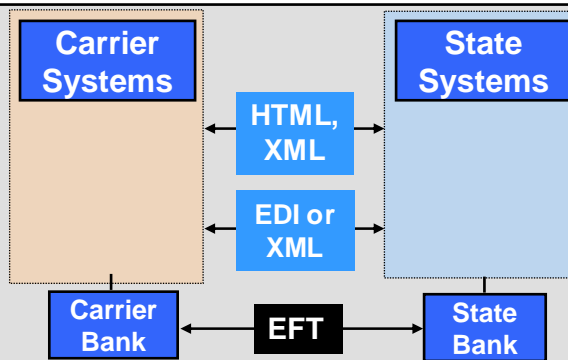
## Safety Information Exchange

The electronic collection & exchange of safety performance & credentials information among states, Federal agencies, motor carriers & other stakeholders.



## Electronic Screening

Using technology to identify & weigh trucks at mainline speeds. Let safe and legal trucks pass weigh stations while enforcement resources are focused on higher risk carriers & vehicles.



## Credentials Administration

Motor carriers using Web sites or a computer-to-computer exchange to apply for and receive credentials electronically.

# Safety Information Exchange

Motor carrier safety data is exchanged between federal, state and private sector systems via SAFER

SAFER is a national online system providing information on a **carrier's safety rating, inspection history, and accident record** to roadside users within a few seconds. The SAFER data is available to users via nationwide data networks.

**SAFER**

Search Type: Search Parameter: Search Reset

DT Number ICC/MC Number Name Match Exact Match Any

Inspections | Inspections/Accidents | Safety Rating

Inspection results for 24 months prior to: 01/12/1997

Note: Columns may not sum to total. Click [here](#) for further information.

Inspection Type	Vehicle	Driver	Hazmat	Total
Inspections	49	101	1	101
Out of Service	6	24	0	27
Out of Service %	12%	24%	0%	27%*
Nat'l Average % (1995)	22.7%	7.9%	17.9%	27.3%

Accidents reported to FHWA by states for 24 months prior to: 01/12/1997

Type	Fatal	Injury	Tow	Total
Accidents	0	0	0	0

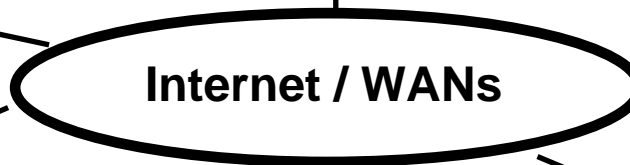
Inspections | Inspections/Accidents | Safety Rating

Rating date: 12/11/1996



Shippers/  
Insurance Companies/  
Public

DOT Motor Carrier  
Management Information  
System (MCMIS)



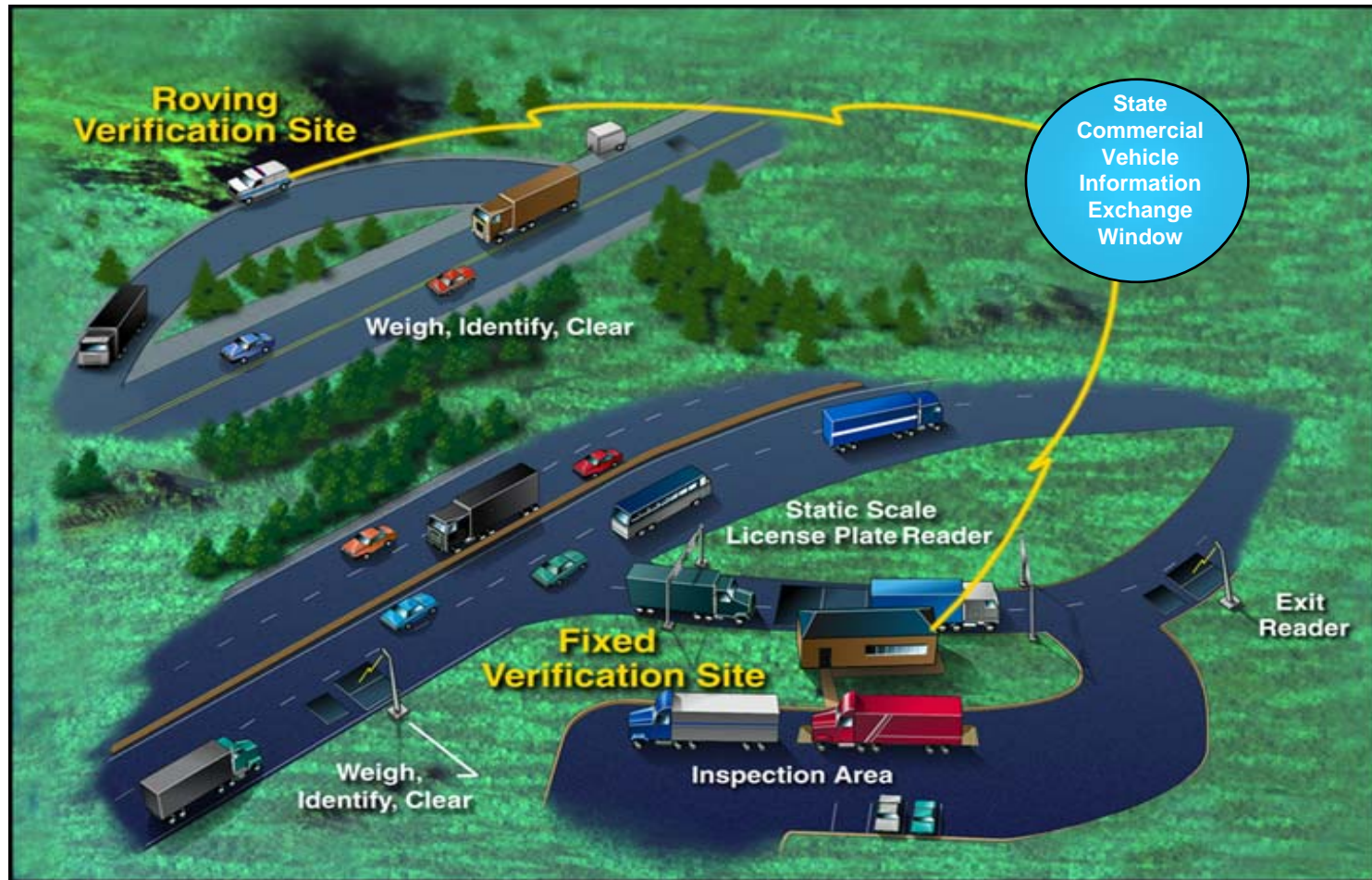
Inspection Sites  
(ASPEN)

State Safety  
Systems (CVIEW)

State Electronic  
Screening  
Systems

# Roadside Electronic Screening

*E-Screening allows compliant and low-risk vehicles to bypass*



- Vehicles are identified based on identifiers read from the transponder, used to access snapshot safety ratings and credentials information
- Weigh-in-motion and over-dimensional sensors provide input to screening decision

# ITS National Architecture Subsystems Interconnect Diagram

Remote Access

Center  
Subsystems

## CVISN Approach

- Operational Concept Descriptions
- Architecture Description
- Interface Standards & Guidelines
- System Prototypes
- Training Courses & Workshops
- CVISN Guides & White Papers
- State Deployment Support

Emergency  
Management

Emissions  
Management

Transit  
Management

Toll  
Administration

Fleet and Freight  
Management

Commercial  
Vehicle  
Administration

Communications

WIRELINE Wide Area Communications

Vehicle

Transit  
Vehicle

Commercial  
Vehicle

Emergency  
Vehicle

Vehicle Subsystems

VEHICLE - ROADSIDE  
Communications

Roadway

Toll  
Collection

Parking  
Management

Commercial  
Vehicle  
Check

Roadside Subsystems

# Comparing CVO Safety and Highway Security

*There are similarities between the CVO Safety and Highway Security problems but also some differences*

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## CVO Safety

- Complex multi-dimensional problem addressed by the deployment of technology
- Multi-state, multi-agency deployment and facilities
- Carrier & vehicle data exchange
- Sensors: weight & dimension, other technologies

## Highway Security

- Complex multi-dimensional problem addressed by the deployment of technology & processes
- Multi-state, multi-agency deployment and facilities
- Carrier, vehicle, driver & cargo data exchange
- Sensors: intrusion, CBRNE, other technologies

# Leveraging CVISN for Highway Security

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## ***Facilities & Infrastructure***

- Nationwide network of weigh & inspection stations
- Data exchange between Federal, State credential and roadside systems

## ***Relationships***

- Multi-agency State teams
- Multi-State Coalitions (GCM, I-95, etc.)
- Technology working groups (IFTWG, CVFM)
- Public/Private partnerships

## ***Methods***

- Architecture
- Guides & workshops
- Open standards
- Deployment program support
- Lessons learned

# Expanded CVISN

*New capabilities beyond CVISN Core are directly applicable to security*

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- ➔ Improve safety & security through exchange of driver information
  - Improve data availability and quality
  - Improve service to motor carriers
- ➔ Ensure cargo security
- ➔ CVO vehicle and infrastructure integration

# Security Projects Leveraging CVISN

*Several projects are underway to track trailers equipped with CVISN-compatible electronic seals at E-Screening sites*



# Summary

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- The highway security and CVO safety problems are similar complex, multi-dimensional problems being addressed through deployment of advanced technologies
- CVISN facilities, infrastructure, relationships and methods can be leveraged to support testing and deployment of highway security capabilities
- Several Expanded CVISN capabilities, such as driver information exchange and cargo security, are directly applicable to Highway Security
- Several security projects utilizing CVISN-compatible electronic seals are under way